

Fair tonight.
Showers Thursday.
Variable winds.

NUMBER 4397.

WASHINGTON, WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 27, 1906.

PRICE ONE CENT.

EXPERTS INDORSE WHITE'S CONDUCT OF INSANE ASYLUM

Compares Well With
Conditions at Other
Like Institutions.

BETTER IN MANY WAYS

Patients Well Housed and
Given Best of Care, Wit-
nesses Claim.

The examination of expert witnesses today occupied the time of the special Congressional committee, investigating the Government Hospital for the Insane. In general terms they commended the institution and gave Dr. White, the superintendent, a high reputation for efficiency.

Dr. Mary M. Wolf, superintendent of the women's department of the Pennsylvania Hospital for the Insane, at Norristown, was the first witness. Her testimony consisted, for the most part, of a comparison of the institution with which she is connected and St. Elizabeth's. She spoke in high terms of St. Elizabeth's, saying that in every respect it was well-managed. She took up in detail the various features of the management and commended them highly.

Spent One Day at Asylum.

Dr. Wolf was at St. Elizabeth's for about twenty-four hours and during that time made as complete an inspection as was possible. The hospital at Norristown is a three-headed institution, the management of the men's and women's departments is separate and the steward's department is under a third head. Dr. Wolf said, personally, she approved of a single head for a hospital of this kind.

The witness testified she considered the character of the nurses and other attendants at St. Elizabeth's good, the buildings well-planned and the nurses home the prettiest and most attractive she had ever seen. The hours at Norristown and the pay of nurses and attendants are about the same as at St. Elizabeth's. The ratio of attendants at Norristown is about nine, compared with a ratio of one to eight at St. Elizabeth's.

Prayer Meeting at Norristown.

Dr. Wolf, describing the amusements at Norristown, included a weekly prayer meeting in the list.

"Do you think the patients enjoy this meeting?" asked Chairman Olcott. "Well, that is a question," said the witness. Dr. Richardson and I disagree; he thinks they do and I think they don't."

Mr. Olcott said he was moved to ask the question by certain memories of his own, which made him somewhat doubtful.

The per capita cost of the care of patients at Norristown and St. Elizabeth's is about the same.

Dr. William F. Drury, superintendent of the Central State Hospital for the Colored Insane, at Petersburg, Va., was the next witness. In his institution there are 1,200 patients. He also had made an examination at St. Elizabeth's and in a general way praised the institution highly.

Dr. Drury created considerable amusement by his description of the amusements at his institution.

Amusements at Petersburg.

"We have everything from watermelon feasts up," said the witness. "Balls and cake dances, athletic carnivals, and everything else. We can't have the same amusements for colored people you would have for the whites. For example, a negro wouldn't care to play bridge whilst he would rather play craps."

There was an outburst of laughter in the midst of which Representative Snyder was heard to murmur, "So would I."

Dr. Drury testified that the restraint of all kinds, save that which has a medical value and effect, was eliminated. "This theory has been described as a sentiment," said Dr. Drury, "but it is, it is a very pretty sentiment. Dr. Drury said he thought physical restraint should be absolutely eliminated at St. Elizabeth's, and that the superintendent should be relieved of some duties in order that he might find it in his power to visit the various departments of the institution."

Commended by Olcott.

Dr. Drury was followed on the stand by Dr. Henry C. Eymon, superintendent of the State Hospital for the Insane at Massillon, Ohio. He also commended the conduct of affairs at St. Elizabeth's. Dr. Eymon said St. Elizabeth's was entirely too large.

"Any institution of this kind with more than 1,000 patients is too large." "Would it be practicable for the District of Columbia to take charge of its own insane and permit the Government to look after its soldiers and sailors?" asked Representative Hay.

"I think it would be entirely practicable," was the answer.

Dr. Eymon said three institutions in the District could be managed at the cost of the one large institution, except the cost of the two additional plants.

"Angels" Don't Want Jobs.

Dr. Eymon did not want the treatment inflicted upon the patient, Gartrell, as revealed in the testimony yesterday, was cruel or unnecessary. It is hard to get the best class of attendants, he said. "There must be trouble some times, unless we could get angels for attendants—and they very seldom apply."

At the conclusion of Dr. Eymon's testimony a recess was taken until afternoon.

SALE OF NEW HOTEL SITE FORMALLY CLOSED TODAY

The sale of the Willard property, at the northeast corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Fourteenth street northwest, through the Columbia and Real Estate Title Insurance Company, has been closed. The consideration is in the neighborhood of \$300,000. The purchasers of the property, as formerly stated, will erect a ten-story hotel building.

Police Detectives Assert Developments Favor Thaw; White's Friends Say Another Man Was to Blame



EX-GOVERNOR BLACK,
Chief Counsel for Thaw.

MOODY WILL SUE ROADS TO INSURE PUBLIC'S SAFETY

Violations of Protection
Applicance Laws to Be
Vigorously Prosecuted

Attorney General Moody has directed that suits be brought against a large number of railroad companies to recover penalties for violation of the safety appliance law through failure to keep their equipment in proper condition. The largest number of violations attributed to any road is fifty-two, against the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company.

The roads made defendants are: Atchafalaya, Topeka and Santa Fe, Atlantic Coast Line, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific, Colorado and Northwestern, Colorado and Southern, Denver and Rio Grande, El Paso and Southwestern, Missouri Pacific, Muscatine North and South, National City and Otay, Norfolk and Western, Northern Pacific, Rio Grande and Pecos, St. John's River Terminal Company, San Pedro, Los Angeles and Salt River and the Seaboard Air Line.

Attorney General Moody says that he is very much in earnest in the enforcement of these laws, which were enacted for the protection of the public, as well as for the promotion of the safety of the traveling public in general, as well as for the protection of the railway employees. Therefore, any case of violation which is brought to your attention by the Inspector of the Commerce Commission, or its inspectors, or by other parties, must be promptly and carefully investigated, and suit for the statutory penalty must be instituted and earnestly pressed, if in your judgment the facts justify that course.

You are instructed accordingly, and you are expected to be vigilant and active in the matter."

MRS. C. F. JAMES ASKS DIVORCE.
Charlotte M. Fletcher James has commenced proceedings in the local courts against Charles A. James for absolute divorce. She names a co-respondent.

Mrs. James says she was married to Charles A. James on February 9, 1902, and in less than a month afterward he deserted and abandoned her. Joseph A. Burkart is named as counsel for the complainant.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

The weather will be partly cloudy to night in the Ohio valley, the lower lake region, the East, and South, followed by showers Thursday, middle of the northern portion of the middle Atlantic States.

Temperatures will change but little.

TEMPERATURE.

9 a. m. 78
11 a. m. 82
1 p. m. 82

DOWNTOWN TEMPERATURE.

(Registered Atlee's Standard Thermometer)
9 a. m. 81
12 noon 81
1 p. m. 81

SUN TABLE.

Sun sets today 7:30
Sun rises tomorrow 4:35

TIDE TABLE.

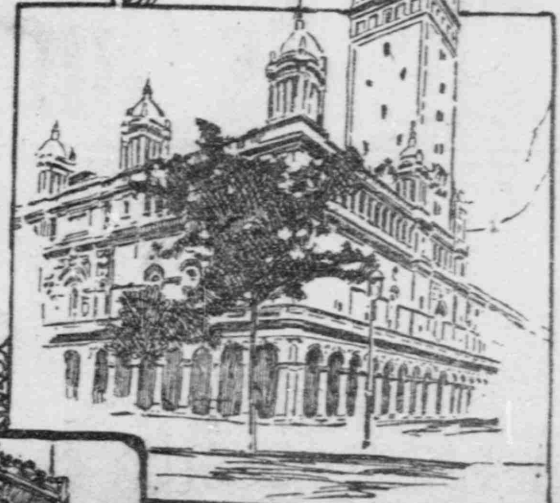
High tide today 11:44 a. m.
Low tide today 6:29 p. m.
High tide tomorrow 12:30 a. m., 12:40 p. m.
Low tide tomorrow 6:42 a. m., 7:14 p. m.



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THE "ETERNAL
QUESTION"

CHARLES DANA
GIBSON'S
famous sketch of
EVELYN NESBITT



EVELYN NESBITT THAW.

Stanford White's Masterpiece—Madison
Square Garden, Where He Was Slain.

MRS. SAALBACH'S BODY RECOVERED NEAR ANALOSTAN

Remains Carried to the
Morgue and Placed by
Husband's Side.

The turbulent waters of the Potomac river this morning gave up another victim of last Sunday's tragic drowning, when the body of Mrs. E. R. Saalbach was found floating in the river near Analostan island, some distance from Dixie Landing, the point at which Mr. and Mrs. Saalbach lost their lives.

Mrs. Saalbach's body was first seen by William Bryan, a colored man living at 1155 Seventeenth street northwest, about 5:30 o'clock this morning. When the body was sighted, the scores of volunteer workers, who have for three days carried on their ceaseless vigil in trying to locate the victims, were just starting out from the wharf, equipped with apparatus preparatory to dragging the river in the vicinity of Chain bridge.

In a small skiff the body of Mrs. Saalbach was taken by Bryan to the Littlefield & Alvord wharf, and from there the harbor precinct was notified. Policemen Strong immediately entered a tug and hurried to the point where the body was being held. It was then brought in the tug down the river to the morgue.

The body of Mrs. Saalbach was badly bruised. Numerous lacerations showed that the body had been beaten on the head and neck, and that the surface of the stream where the catastrophe took place.

Upon the advice of friends and relatives, Mrs. Saalbach's body has remained at the morgue awaiting the recovery of Mrs. Saalbach's remains. There was no inquest. The funeral details will be completed this afternoon, the services probably taking place tomorrow.

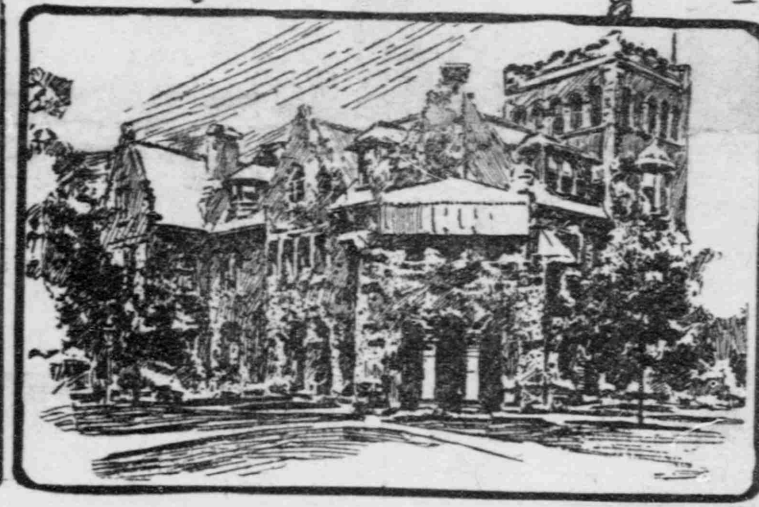
Purcell's Body Not Recovered.
The search for the body of Robert Purcell, the Washington High School boy, who was drowned near Chain bridge, was kept up today, and the police boat Vigilant was on duty with several men dragging the rocky bottom of the stream. A large body of volunteer workers are also assisting.

The sharp rocks with which the river is filled around the point where the bodies were drowned makes the task of dragging an extremely difficult one. If the body of Purcell is not recovered tonight, the drag hooks will be abandoned and the searching party will wait for the body to make its appearance on the surface.

YOUNG GIRL BREAKS ARM.

Little Ethel Olsen, eight years of age, living at 1842 Seventh street, had her arm broken last night by falling from the rear platform of a street car on Seventh street. The little girl was alighting from the car and fell headlong to the pavement.

Lumber Trust Broken.
\$2.00 Flooring now \$2.50 per 100 ft.
Libbey & Co., 6th & New York Ave.—Adv.



"LYNDHURST," MRS. WILLIAM THAW'S RESIDENCE, PITTSBURG.

WHITE'S LETTERS TO BRIDE DROVE HER YOUNG HUSBAND TO MURDEROUS REVENGE

Mrs. Thaw Turns Over Notes to Lawyers Which It Is
Claimed Will Show Justification for Killing.
Inquest Tomorrow.

A DAY'S DEVELOPMENTS IN THE TRAGEDY OF THE ROOF GARDEN

The Coroner's Inquest to be held tomorrow will be purely formal; few witnesses will be called and the case will immediately go to the grand jury.

All of Thaw's relatives will stand by him, which means the backing of \$40,000,000. Defense will be insanity.

Thaw's wife has surrendered letters to her lawyer which, it is asserted, directly led to the tragedy.

Friends of White assert that a minister's son was the betrayer of Evelyn Nesbitt before White met her.

Bishop Greer will conduct White's funeral at St. Bartholomew's Church, at 10 o'clock a. m. tomorrow.

NEW YORK, June 27.—With Harry K. Thaw, who killed Stanford White on Monday night, trying to make the most of what scant comforts he can find in his Tombs cell, both the police and the friends of the young millionaire are now bending every effort to unraveling all the mysteries of this startling case.

That the real secret of the murder, the motive which drove Thaw to his deed, if it was not the act of an absolutely insane man, lies in the relations which existed between White and Evelyn Nesbitt Thaw, prior to her marriage to Thaw, and attentions which it is believed he had sought to force upon her since the marriage, is generally believed to be the case.

Opinion generally seems to be coming slowly to the point where it is believed there may have been justifiable cause for Thaw's deed, if murder is ever justifiable. Developments of the last day are bringing to light additional facts regarding the relations which did exist between White and the artist-model-actress. If Evelyn Nesbitt

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

WAGGAMAN DIES; CANCER FATAL TO NOTED FINANCIER

End Comes at Maryland
Farmhouse at Eleven
o'Clock This
Morning.

SUCCESS OF LIFETIME ENDED IN CRASH

Hundreds Suffered by Col-
lapse of Fortune That
Came in His Old
Age.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 27.—Thomas E. Waggaman, of Washington, died at 11 o'clock this morning. He had been suffering with an aggravated attack of facial cancer, and died at a small farmhouse seven miles from Annapolis, where he had been for several months.

Thomas Ennalls Waggaman began his business life in this city as a collector of bad bills, with nothing but his energy as his capital, and he made a success of this line of work. He next took up the collection of rents, and, passing from that, drifted into the real estate business.

Failure Followed Success.

His success at this was so phenomenal, so gigantic, that when he failed, two years ago, his liabilities were more than \$4,000,000, his real estate holdings, were the largest held by any man in the District of Columbia, and, even the day before he made his assignment, his credit was never questioned.

When he did fail, he ascribed the collapse to the fact that he was land poor. He held immense tracts of land inside the city and in the suburbs, and on all this he continually paid interest. While he paid this large interest, the value of land in Washington remained stationary, and he did not realize on his holdings, as he had thought he would do. Indeed, up to the very last, he hoped and felt confident that the land values in Washington would go up so that he might realize the returns that he had counted on.

Overwhelmed With Censure.

When Mr. Waggaman failed, he was overwhelmed with a storm of censure and abuse from the thousands of people whom his collapse had impoverished. He was censured in no uncertain terms because, up to the day of his failure, he had accepted money from the poor, the sick and the infirm, the savings of "fettimes, the intended means to support the last years of lives well spent. For these sums he gave his notes, which became practically worthless when he failed.

He was blamed because he took these savings of the poor when he knew he would soon fail and thus be unable to reimburse those who made him the custodian of their money. His treasurer-ship of the city was not a country house, a great hold on all those of that faith, and they were a large majority of those who lost through his failure.

Many Persons Suffered.

After the announcement of his assignment many tales of woe were told by those who had lost through him. There were stories of widows impoverished, of old ladies traveling abroad and abruptly summoned home by the news that their all had been swept away, of orphans reduced to want, and of men of no inconsiderable wealth reduced to straitened circumstances by this immense business tumble.

In the course of events an indictment was found against Mr. Waggaman, but it was never pressed, as the cancerous growth on his face had already shown itself and he was known to be a doomed man.

But in the last months of his life it was demonstrated that he had saved from the wreck of his fortunes not a cent for himself, for his wife, or for his children. He had spent in seclusion his last days in a country house on the banks of South river, near Chesapeake bay, his brother, John F. Waggaman, providing all the needs of life for him and his family.

Married Three Times.

Thomas E. Waggaman was married three times, and had twenty-two children, eleven of whom now live. His widow, mother of six children, was a Miss Waggaman, of New Orleans, a distant cousin of Mr. Waggaman. She has been his constant nurse and attendant during his terrible illness, on the banks of South river.

In addition to being a man of large wealth prior to his failure, Mr. Waggaman was noted as a person of art, and his art gallery in his palatial Georgetown home was noted throughout the country. After his assignment, the treasures of this gallery were put up at auction in New York, but did not bring as high prices as had been expected of them.

Of an Old Maryland Family.

The Waggaman family figured conspicuously in the annals of Maryland more than 150 years ago, at which time Capt. Ephraim Waggaman, who had settled in Worcester county, was commissioned sheriff of the county. It is, therefore, peculiarly appropriate that John F. Waggaman should own a handsome country home on the banks of South river, and that Thomas E. Waggaman should have retired to the opposite shore of the river to spend his last days on the soil which his ancestors had so long known.

Mr. Waggaman died in his sixty-sixth year.